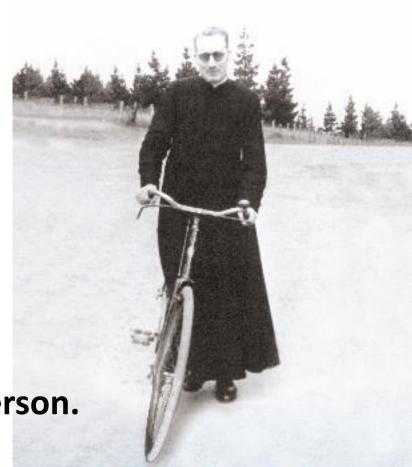


### COOPERATIVES WITHIN MONDRAGON

|   | Industrial                          | 64 |
|---|-------------------------------------|----|
|   | Credit                              | 1  |
|   | Consumer                            | 1  |
| • | Agricultural                        | 3  |
| • | Educational                         | 8  |
| • | Research and Development            | 15 |
| • | Services (consulting, engin., food) | 5  |
|   | Total cooperatives                  | 97 |

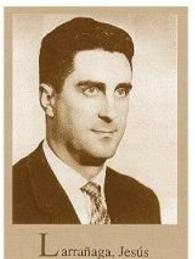
- In 1941 he came to the parish of the town of Arrasate/Mondragón as a curate. He is 25 years old.
- These are his ideas:
   Dignity of the human person
   Solidarity
   Work
   Education
- The world is in crisis.
- We have to create a new person.



- In the town of Arrasate/Mondragón, after the war: economic hardships and social division.
- He works intensively with young people organizing many activities: sports, culture and, mainly, education.
- In 1943 he founded the *Escuela Profesional*.
- A group of that young people studied technical engineering.
- Ideological education; preaching; action.

- Also action in the field of work.
- They asked *Unión Cerrajera* (the biggest company in the region at that time) to distribute shares among the employees so they could have power. They did not succeed.
- In 1956 five of the engineers created ULGOR.











ULGOR: a fairer company.

Member = Worker = *Owner* 

The right to vote (1 vote)
The right to be elected

Funds for the community

Narrow remuneration system



### Some milestones

...

- √ 1943 Arizmendiarrieta sets up the Escuela Profesional (MONDRAGON UNIVERSITY since 1997)
- √ 1956 ULGOR
- √ 1959 Caja Laboral (bank + entrepreneurial division)
- √ 1959 Lagun Aro (welfare health mutual for members)
- √ 1964 First co-operative Group (Ularco-Fagor)
- √ 1966 Alecop (student working in a worker co-op)
- √ 1968 Auzo-Lagun (founded by women)
- √ 1969 Comerco, later called Eroski (consumer cooperative)
- √ 1974 Ikerlan (research center)
- √ 1987 I Congress: creation of Mondragon Cooperative Group (GCM)
- √ 1991 III Congress: creation of Mondragon Cooperative Corporation (MCC)

...

# The power relation

|   | POWER   | Factor of production |
|---|---------|----------------------|
| Non<br>cooperative<br>(Sociedad<br>Anónima) | Capital | Labour               |
| Cooperative                                 | Labour  | Capital              |

## Membership rules to enter MONDRAGON

- Relocation among cooperatives
- Restructuring results (from the gross profits)
  - . Within the sectorial groups (>15%-<40%)
  - . Within corporative funds in MONDRAGON: for investment 7%, to aid 7% (education/research, compensation in case of losses, social projects...)
- Profit distribution (net)
  - . 10% Fund of Education (law =10%)
  - . 60% Fund of Reserve of Co-op (law >=20%)
  - . 30% Returns to workers → capitalize (members), cash (non members)
- Interest <7,5%, in cash</li>
- Initial contribution (≈15.000 euros)
- Solidarity in compensation
- Reporting of data to MONDRAGON Headquarters
- Not internal competition

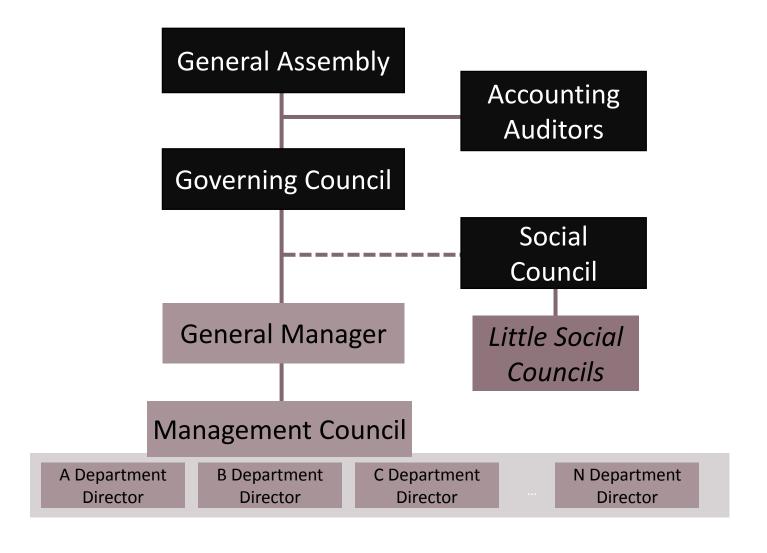
### Mission

MONDRAGON is entrepreneurial socioeconomic entity with deep cultural roots in the Basque Country, created by and for the people, inspired by the Basic Principles of our Co-operative Experience, committed to the community, to the improvement competitiveness and to the satisfaction customers, to create wealth within society through entrepreneurial development and job creation, preferably membership-jobs in co-

### Mission

- ✓ Based on a commitment to Solidarity
- ✓ Using democratic methods (one member, one vote)
- ✓ Encourages the participation and integration in:
  - Management
  - Profits
  - Ownership
- ✓ Harmonizing projects aimed at social, business and personal development

## Basic structure within a cooperative



### Structure of MONDRAGON

**CONGRESS** 

**Standing Committee** 

**General Council** 

|                    | Industry Area                  |          |  |  |  |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|----------|--|--|--|
|                    | CHP AUTOMOTIVE                 |          |  |  |  |
|                    | CM AUTOMOTIVE                  |          |  |  |  |
|                    | INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION          |          |  |  |  |
|                    | COMPONENTS                     |          |  |  |  |
| Finance            | CONSTRUCTION                   | Retail   |  |  |  |
| Division           | VERTICAL TRANSPORT             | Division |  |  |  |
|                    | EQUIPMENT                      |          |  |  |  |
|                    | ENGINEERING AND SERVICES       |          |  |  |  |
|                    | MACHINE TOOLS- DANOBAT GROUP   |          |  |  |  |
|                    | INDUSTRIAL SYSTEMS— ULMA GROUP |          |  |  |  |
|                    | TOOLING AND SYSTEMS            |          |  |  |  |
| Knowledge Division |                                |          |  |  |  |

## Corporate values

#### **CO-OPERATION**

Owners and protagonists

#### **PARTICIPATION**

Commitment to management

#### **INNOVATION**

Constant renewal

#### **SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY**

Distribution of wealth based on solidarity, and involvement in the community



## Basic principles

- 1. Open admission and neutrality
- 2. Democratic organization
- 3. Sovereignty of labor
- 4. Instrumental and subordinate nature of capital
- 5. Participatory management



- 6. Wage solidarity
- 7. Intercooperation
- 8. Social transformation
- 9. Universality
- 10. Education

# Intercooperation









### Eskerrik asko

## **HUMANITY AT WORK**

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